## Worksheet \# 9: Derivatives of Polynomial and Exponential Functions

1. Comprehension check.
(a) True or false: If $f^{\prime}(x)=g^{\prime}(x)$ then $f(x)=g(x)$ ?
(b) Find an example which shows that in general $(f(x) g(x))^{\prime} \neq f^{\prime}(x) g^{\prime}(x)$.
(c) Suppose $f^{\prime}(a)$ exists. Does $\lim _{x \rightarrow a} f(x)=f(a)$ ? Explain.
(d) How is the number $e$ defined?
2. Compute the derivative of the following functions.
(a) $f(x)=\frac{9}{4} x^{8}$
(b) $k(x)=3 e^{x}+x^{2}+1$
(c) $k(x)=\frac{A}{x^{4}}+B x^{2}+C x+D$
(d) $n(x)=e^{x+2}+1$
(e) $l(x)=\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{2}$
(f) $p(x)=c_{n} x^{n}+c_{n-1} x^{n-1}+\ldots+c_{1} x+c_{0}$
3. Let $f(x)=x^{2}+3 x-5$. Where is the slope of $f(x)$ positive? Negative? Zero?
4. Find an equation for the tangent line to $y=x^{3 / 2}+2$ at $x=3$.
5. (MA 113 Exam II, problem 8, Spring 09). Consider the function $f(x)=x^{2}-2 x+2$. Find the equations of the tangent lines to this parabola which pass through the point $(3,4)$. As usual, a sketch of the curve and the tangent lines should be your first step in solving the problem.
6. Suppose $x(t)=2 t^{3}+3 t^{2}-72 t+50$ gives the position of a particle on the $x$ axis at time $t$. Determine all time values when the particle is at rest.
