

## Assignment #6

1. Read Chapter 3 of *Beyond the Third Dimension*. Again, make careful note of items and details that you don't understand yet.
2. Chapter 3 talks about slicing. Be prepared to discuss the following in class. Let's think about slicing a 3-dimensional polyhedron  $P$  with a plane. The result will be some sort of polygon  $Q$  sitting in three-dimensional space. Suppose you know the following facts:
  - (a) The coordinates of the vertices of the polyhedron.
  - (b) Which sequences of vertices form the boundaries of the various polygons.
  - (c) The equation of the plane  $ax + by + cz = d$ .

How could you figure out the coordinates of the vertices of  $Q$  and the sequence of vertices around the boundary of  $Q$ ? Test your answer by trying the slice the cube having vertex coordinates  $(\pm 1, \pm 1, \pm 1)$  with the plane  $x + y + z = 0$ .

3. Write up to turn in.
  - (a) Assume  $P$  is a polygon with  $n$  sides and you use it as the base of a pyramid  $Q$ . How many vertices, edges, and 2-dimensional faces will  $Q$  have?
  - (b) Assume  $P$  is a three-dimensional polyhedron with  $V$  vertices,  $E$  edges, and  $F$  2-dimensional faces, and you use it as the base of a 4-dimensional pyramid  $Q$ . How many vertices, edges, 2-dimensional faces, and 3-dimensional faces will  $Q$  have?
  - (c) Looking at the polyhedron  $P$  from the previous question, make the polynomial  $V + Ex + Fx^2$ . What happens when you multiply this polynomial by  $(1 + x)$ ? What does this have to do with the numbers of faces of different dimensions of  $Q$ ? Why? Illustrate your answer with a concrete example.
4. Play with Maple a little bit on your own (see the examples on the website). Practice making at least one polyhedron. You don't have to turn this in.