MA 113 - Calculus I THIRD MIDTERM		Spring 2002 04/09/2002	Name	Sec.:
SEC.	INSTRUCTORS	T.A.'S	LECTURES	RECITATIONS
001	A. Corso	B. Bennewitz	MWF 8:00-8:50, CB 204	TR 8:00-9:15, CB 341
002	A. Corso	B. Bennewitz	MWF 8:00-8:50, CB 204	TR 9:30-10:45, CB 345
004	M. Silhavy	H. Song	MWF 10:00-10:50, CB 214	TR 8:00-9:15, CB 349
005	M. Silhavy	C. Budovsky	MWF 10:00-10:50, CB 214	TR 2:00-3:15, CB 343
006	M. Silhavy	H. Song	MWF 10:00-10:50, CB 214	TR 3:30-4:45, CB 345
007	A. Martin	M. Neu	MWF 12:00-12:50, CB 208	TR 9:30-10:45, CB 347
008	A. Martin	Y. Jia	MWF 12:00-12:50, CB 208	TR 11:00-12:15, CB 347
009	A. Martin	Y. Jia	MWF 12:00-12:50, CB 208	TR 12:30-1:45, CB 349
010	M. Silhavy	C. Budovsky	MWF 2:00-2:50, CB 204	TR 12:30-1:45, CB 345
011	M. Silhavy	M. Slone	MWF 2:00-2:50, CB 204	TR 2:00-3:15, CB 345
012	M. Silhavy	M. Slone	MWF 2:00-2:50, CB 204	TR 3:30-4:45, CB 349

Answer all of the following questions. Use the backs of the question papers for scratch paper. No books or notes may be used. You may use a calculator. You may not use a calculator which has symbolic manipulation capabilities. When answering these questions, please be sure to:

- check answers when possible,
- clearly indicate your answer and the reasoning used to arrive at that answer (*unsupported answers may receive NO credit*).

QUESTION	SCORE	TOTAL
1.		10
2.		10
3.		15
4.		8
5.		10
6.		15
7.		10
8.		10
9.		12
TOTAL		100
	l	I

1. Find all the critical values and the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values for

$$f(x) = 3x^4 - 16x^3 + 18x^2$$

on the closed interval $-1 \le x \le 4$.

pts: /10

2. (a) Does the Mean Value Theorem apply to the function $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$ on the interval $2 \le x \le 3$? Why? If so, find all possible values of c for which the Mean Value Theorem holds on the given interval.

(b) Same as (a), but on the new interval $0.5 \le x \le 1.5$.

3. Consider the function: $f(x) = x^4(x^2 - 3)$.

Each question is worth 5 points.

(a) Determine the intervals where the graph of f(x) is increasing or decreasing. Find the values of f(x) at the local maxima and minima of f(x).

(b) Determine the intervals where the graph of f(x) is concave up or down. Find the values of f(x) at the inflection points of f(x).

(c) Sketch the graph of f(x).Make sure to label the local maxima, the local minima and the inflection points of f(x).



4. Without using a calculator, show that the equation

$$x^{101} + x^{51} + x - 1 = 0$$

has exactly one real root.

pts: /8

5. Show that if x > 0 then $x + \frac{4}{x^2} \ge 3$.



6. Each question is worth 5 points.

$$(a) \qquad \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x+3}}{3-2x} = \underline{\qquad}$$

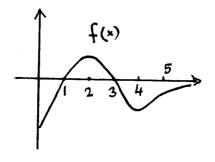
(b)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2\sqrt{1+9x^2}}{9-16x} =$$

(c) Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of the curve

$$f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 4}{2 - x^2}.$$

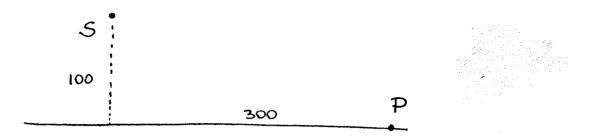
Compute $\lim_{x \to a^+} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \to a^-} f(x)$ for all the values of 'a' such that the line x = a is a vertical asymptote of the given function f(x).

- 7. Each problem is worth 5 points.
 - (a) The graph of a function f(x) is shown. Which graph is an antiderivative of f(x) and why?



(b) Find the most general antiderivative of: $f(x) = x^3 + \sqrt{x} - 2\cos(2x)$.

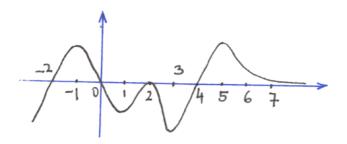
8. A swimmer S is in the ocean 100 meters from a straight shoreline. A person P in distress is located on the shoreline 300 meters from the point on the shoreline closest to the swimmer.



pts: /10

If the swimmer can swim 3 meters per second and run 5 meters per second, what path should the swimmer follow in order to reach the person in distress as quickly as possible?

9. The graph of the derivative f'(x) of a function f(x) is shown:



Each question is worth 3 points.

(a) On what intervals is f(x) increasing or decreasing?

(b) At what values of x does f(x) attains a local maximum or minimum?

pts:

(c) On what intervals is f(x) concave up or down?

(d) State the x-coordinates of the inflection points.