

# Math 213 - Triple Integrals (Part I)

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October 23, 2019

# Reminders

- Quiz # 6 on 15.1-15.2 is tomorrow in recitation. Study up!
- Homework C1 on section 15.3 is due Friday night

# Unit III: Multiple Integrals, Vector Fields

Double Integrals in Polar Coordinates

Triple Integrals (Part I)

Triple Integrals (Part II)

Triple Integrals in Cylindrical Coordinates

Triple Integrals in Spherical Coordinates

Change of Variables, Part I

Change of Variables, Part II

Vector Fields

Line Integrals (Scalar functions)

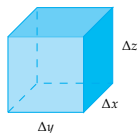
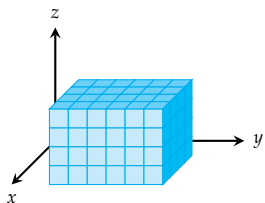
Line Integrals (Vector functions)

Exam III Review

# Goals of the Day

- Understand triple integrals as a limit of Riemann sums
- Understand how to compute triple integrals as iterated integrals
- Understand how to compute triple integrals over fiendishly contrived regions

# Riemann Sums



Given a rectangular box

$$B = [a, b] \times [c, d] \times [r, s]$$

and a function  $f(x, y, z)$ , we can divide the box into cubes of side  $\Delta x$ ,  $\Delta y$ ,  $\Delta z$  and volume

$$\Delta V = \Delta x \Delta y \Delta z$$

The *triple integral* of  $f$  over the box  $B$  is the limit of Riemann sums

$$\sum_{i,j,k} f(x_{ijk}^*, y_{ijk}^*, z_{ijk}^*) \Delta V$$

and is denoted

$$\iiint_B f(x, y, z) dV$$

# Triple Integrals as Iterated Integrals

If  $B = [a, b] \times [c, d] \times [r, s]$  then

$$\iiint_B f(x, y, z) dV = \int_r^s \int_c^d \int_a^b f(x, y, z) dx dy dz$$

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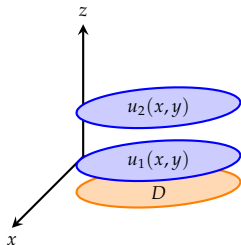
Evaluate  $\iiint_B (xy + z^2) dV$  if

$$B = \{(x, y, z) : 0 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq 1, 0 \leq z \leq 3\}$$

# Integrals Over Regions: Type I

Suppose that

$$E = \{(x, y, z) : (x, y) \in D, u_1(x, y) \leq z \leq u_2(x, y)\}.$$



$$\iiint_E f(x, y, z) dV = \iint_D \left[ \int_{u_1(x, y)}^{u_2(x, y)} f(x, y, z) dz \right] dA$$

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Find  $\iiint_E y dV$  if  $E$  is the region over

$$D = \{0 \leq x \leq 3, 0 \leq y \leq x\}$$

where for each  $(x, y)$ ,

$$x - y \leq z \leq x + y$$

# Practice with Iterated Integrals

1 Find  $\int_0^1 \int_y^{2y} \int_0^{x+y} 6xy \, dz \, dx \, dy$

2 Find  $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-z^2}} \frac{z}{y+1} \, dx \, dz \, dy$



## Integrals over Regions: Type II

If

$$E = \{(x, y, z) : (y, z) \in D, u_1(y, z) \leq x \leq u_2(y, z)\}$$

then

$$\iiint_E f(x, y, z) dV = \iint_D \left[ \int_{u_1(y, z)}^{u_2(y, z)} f(x, y, z) dx \right] dA$$

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Find  $\iiint_E \frac{z}{x^2 + z^2} dV$  if

$$E = \{(x, y, z) : 1 \leq y \leq 4, y \leq z \leq 4, 0 \leq x \leq z\}.$$

# Integrals over Regions: Type III

If

$$E = \{(x, y, z) : (x, z) \in D, u_1(x, z) \leq y \leq u_2(x, z)\}$$

then

$$\iiint_E f(x, y, z) dV = \iint_D \left[ \int_{u_1(x, z)}^{u_2(x, z)} f(x, y, z) dy \right] dA$$

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Find  $\iiint_E \sqrt{x^2 + z^2} dV$  if  $E$  is the region bounded by the paraboloid  $y = x^2 + z^2$  and the plane  $y = 4$